

PHOTOSYNTHETIC CARBON FLUX IN THE TREE CANOPY

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OBJECTIVES

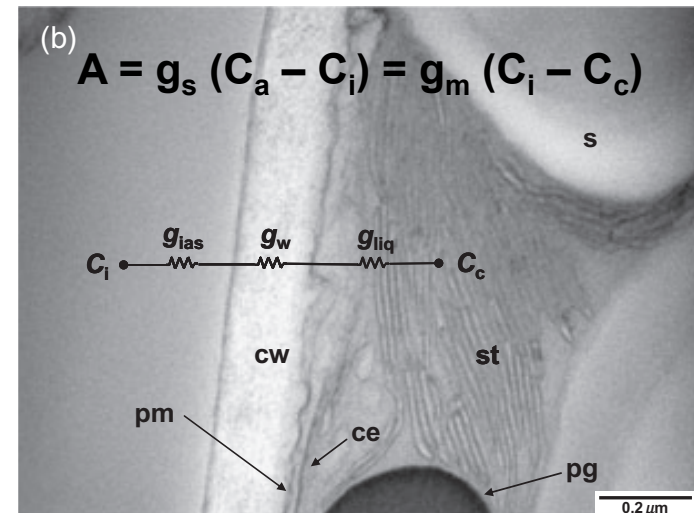
Leaf level – mechanistic questions:

- diurnal course of leaf gas exchange (A , g_s , E , WUE , SLA)
- potential leaf gas exchange (A/C_i , A_{light})
- stomatal vs. sub-stomatal regulation of A (V_{cmax} , J_{max} , g_m)

for *Pinus sylvestris* under elevated soil water availability (irrigation of 100% ambient precip.) vs. natural drought conditions (ambient = control).

Canopy level – system-relevant question:

How does the whole-tree CO_2 assimilation rate (A_{tree}) perform under elevated soil water availability vs. natural drought conditions?



Flexas *et al.* 2018

METHODS PARAMETERS

Approach

Estimate whole-tree CO₂ assimilation rate (A_{Tree}) based on photosynthetic water-use-efficiency (WUE) (Farquhar *et al.*, 1989; Hu *et al.* 2010)

Parameters

Measured (LiCor 6400XT): $\delta\text{H}_2\text{O}$, δCO_2 , Temp_{air} , $\text{Temp}_{\text{leaf}}$, PAR

Calculated: A , g_s , E , A/C_i , A_{light} , A_{diurnal} , V_{cmax} , J_{max} , A_{diurnal} , Ψ_w , WUE

Whole-tree CO₂ assimilation rate ($A_{\text{Tree}} = \text{WUE} * E_{\text{sap flow}}$)

$$\text{WUE} = f(\delta^{13}\text{C})$$

$$E_{\text{Tree}} = f(\text{sap flow})$$

METHODS SAMPLES

Dates

2013 June, July, Aug / 2014 May, June, July, Aug

A/C_i curves

18 trees x 1 branch x 7 dates = 126 curves

A_{light} curves

18 trees x 1 branch x 2 dates = 36 curves

Diurnal gas exchange samples

6 trees x 5 branches x 3-4 times/date x 7 dates = 630

Treatments

control & irrigated (+100% ambient)



PRELIMINARY RESULTS

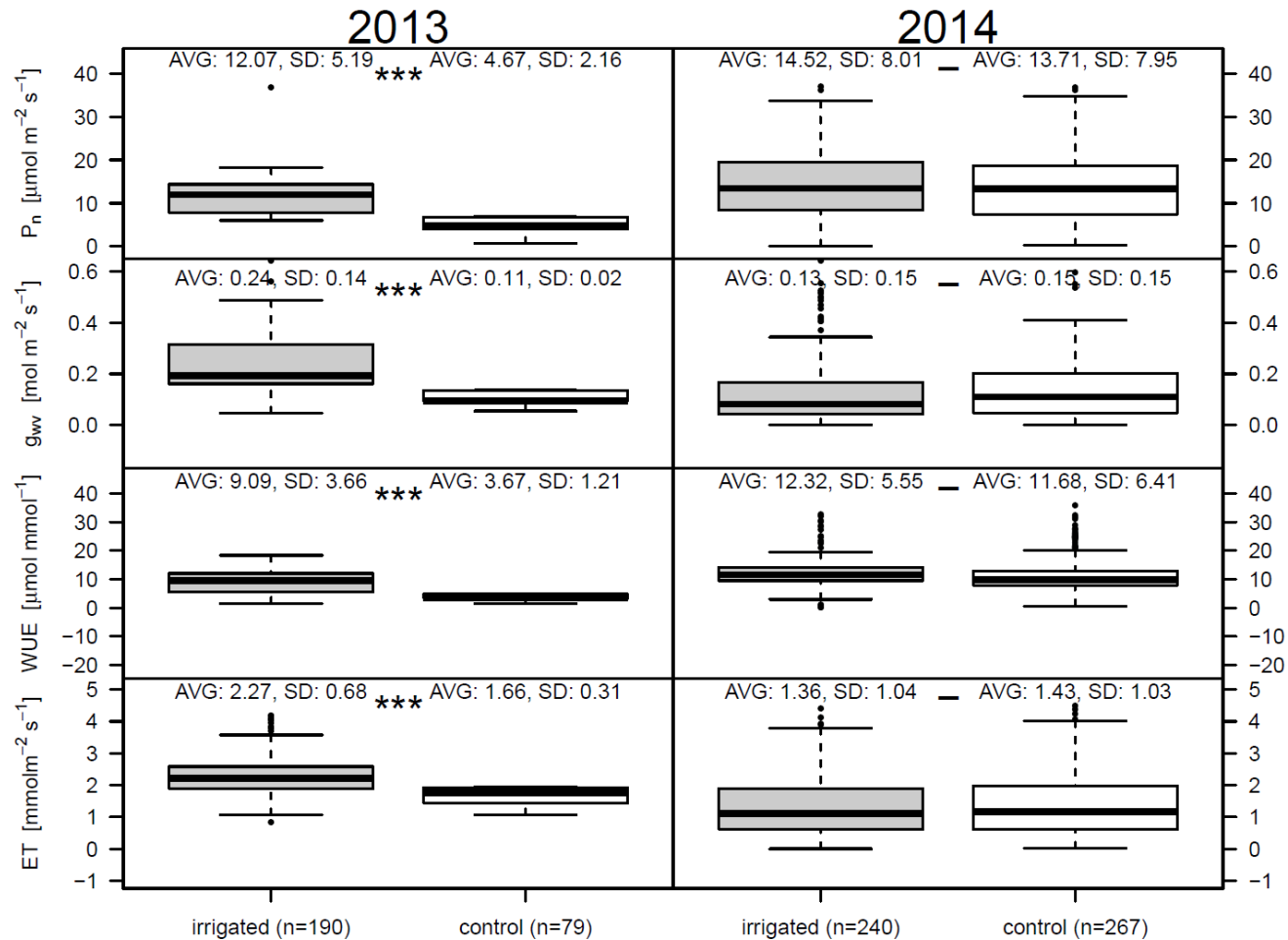


Figure 1. Box plots for diurnal leaf gas exchange (P_n, g_w, WUE, ET).

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

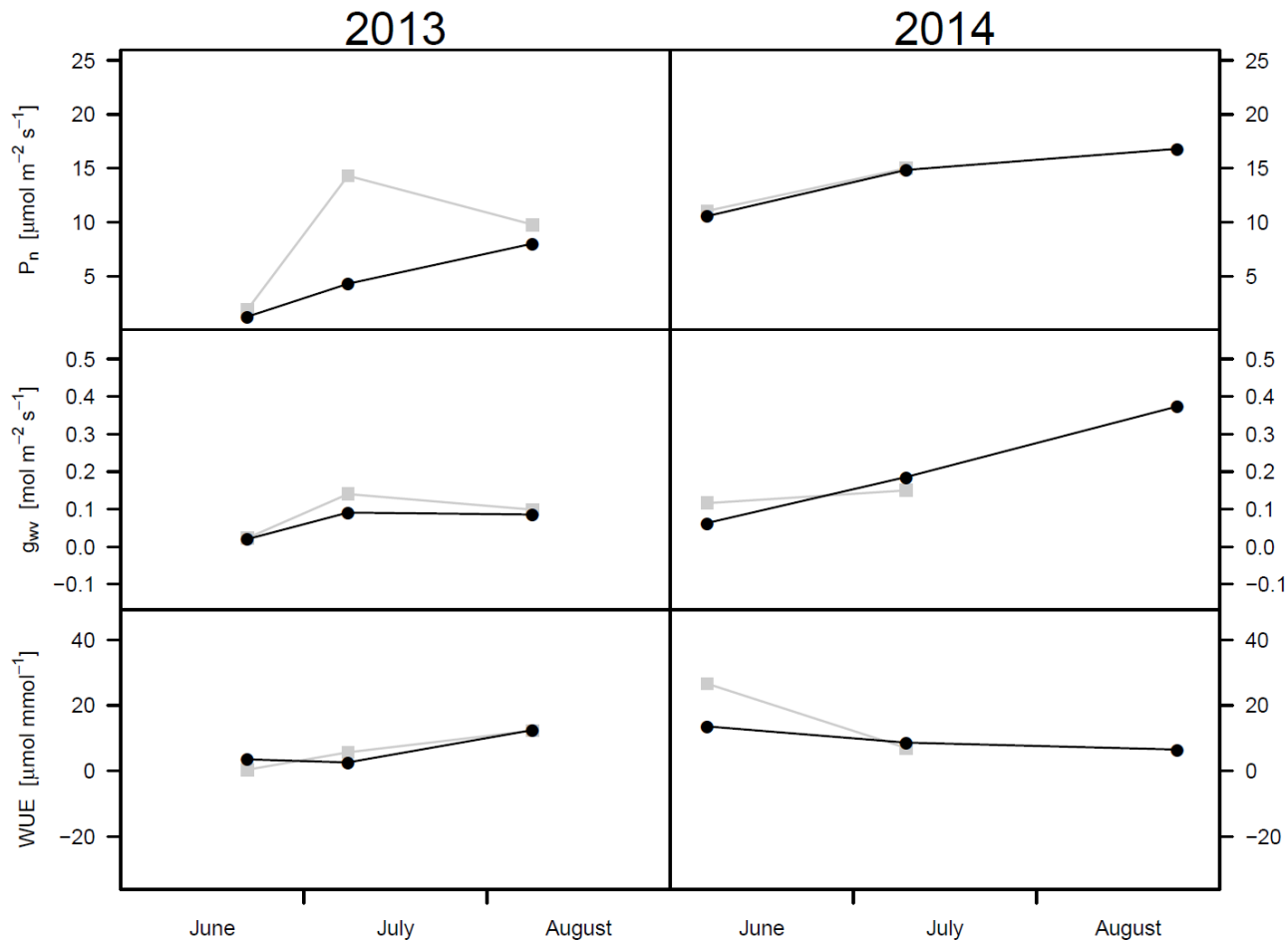


Figure 2. Average & SD for Photosynthesis (P_n ; $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$), stomatal conductance (g_w ; $\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$) and water use efficiency (WUE) over the season.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

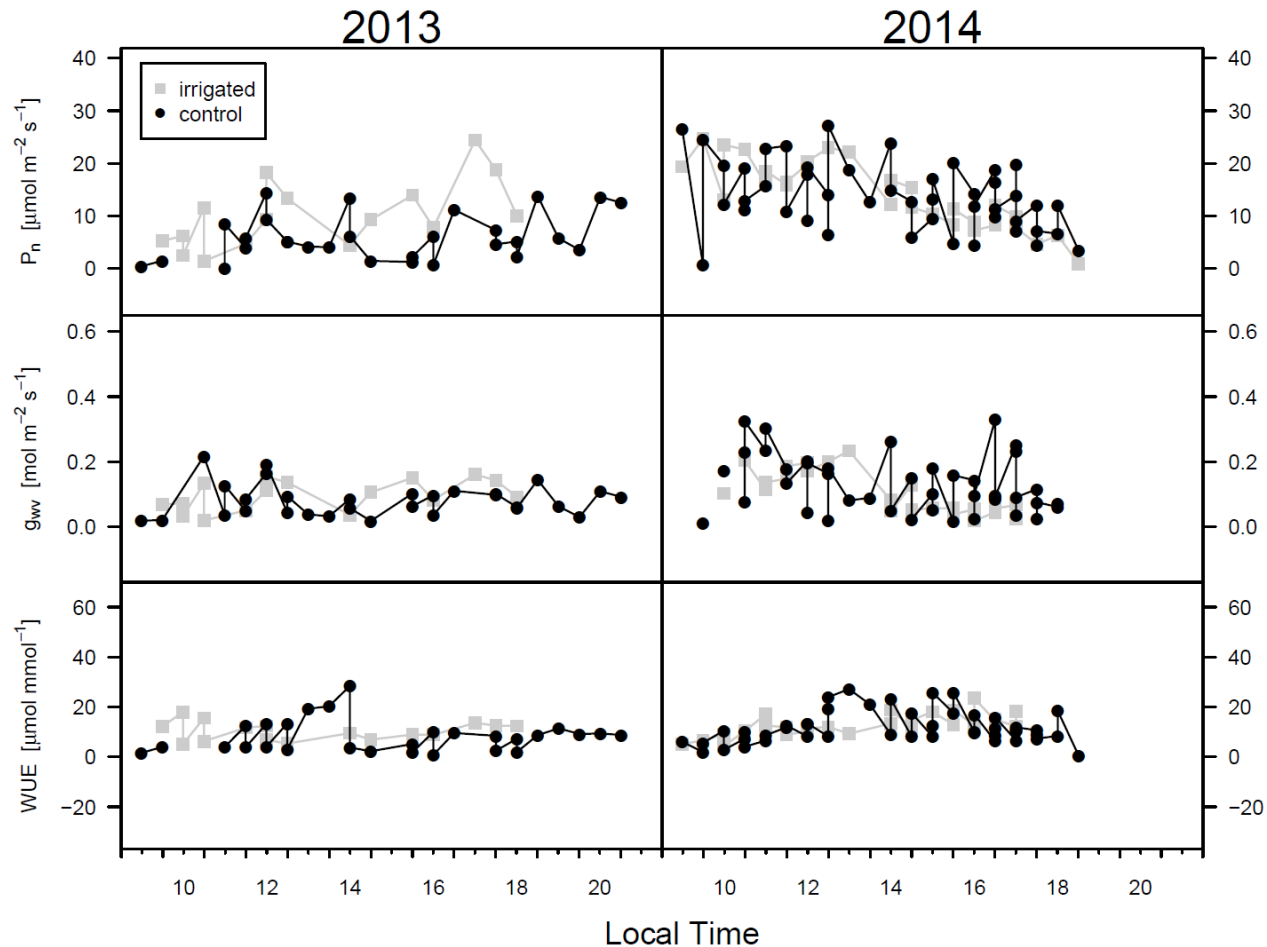


Figure 3. Average & SD for Photosynthesis (P_n ; $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$), stomatal conductance (g_w ; $\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$) and water use efficiency (WUE) over daytime.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

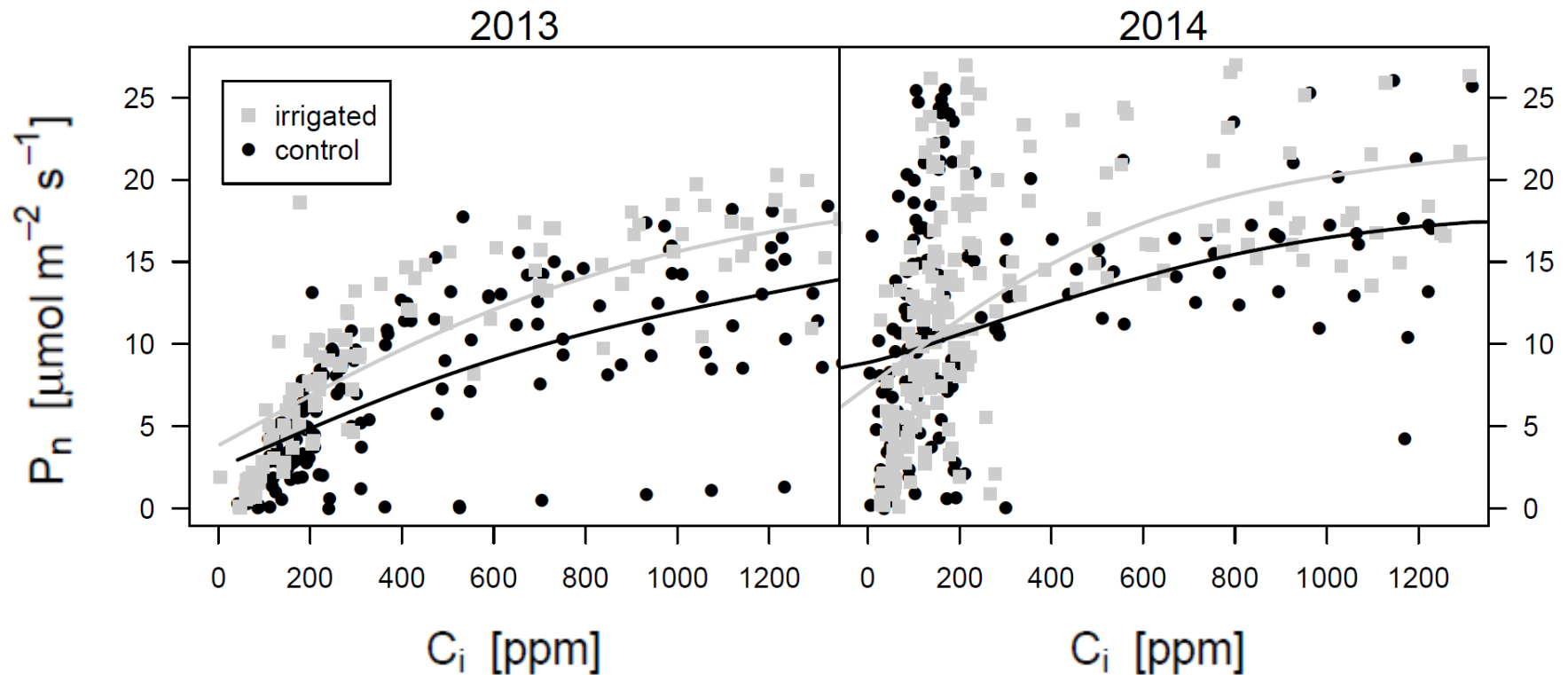


Figure 4. Average & SD for the ratio of Photosynthesis (P_n ; $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$) over internal CO₂ concentration (C_i ; Pa).

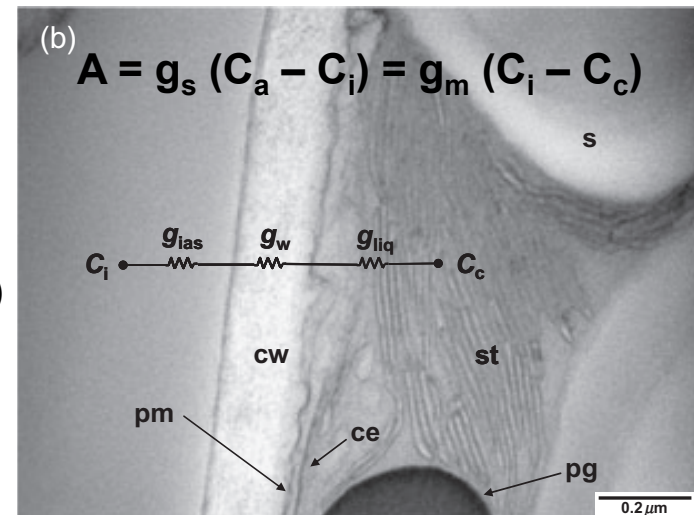
FURTHER ANALYSES

Leaf level – mechanistic

- Light response curve (A_{light})
- **Rubisco-mediated** carboxylation (V_{cmax})
- **Electron transport-mediated** maximum rate of carboxylation (J_{max})
- **Mesophyll-mediated** conductance (g_m)
- Specific leaf area (SLA)

Canopy level – integrative & system-relevant

- Correlation with soil water availability vs. VPD
- Whole-tree CO_2 assimilation rate ($A_{\text{tree}} = f(\text{sap flow})$)
- Disentangling carbon starvation from hydraulic failure



Flexas et al. 2018