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Long-term effects of drought on tree-ring growth and tree ecophysiology in Pfynwald

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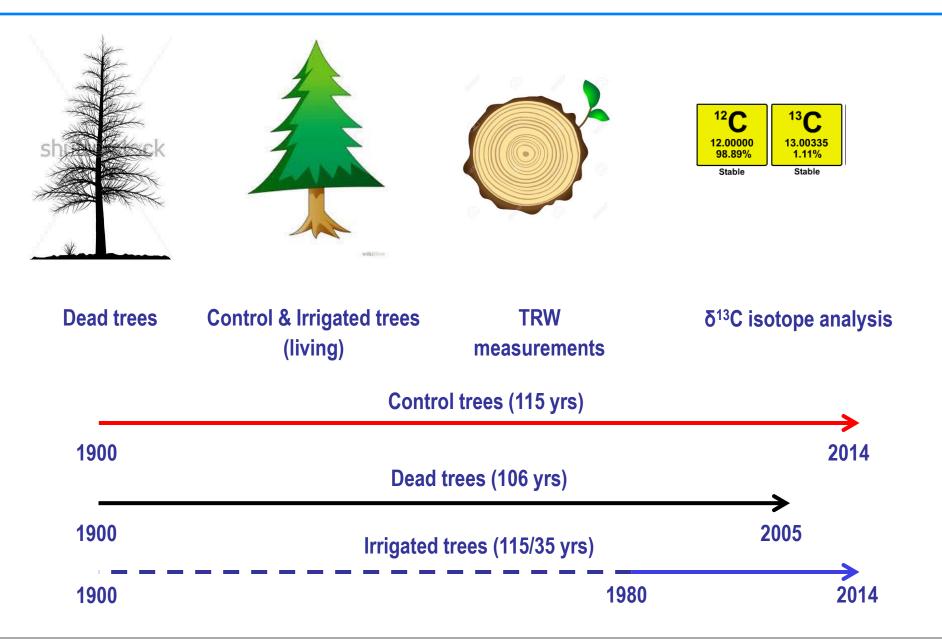


Objectives and Research Questions

- How does tree-ring growth of individuals between recently died and still living trees differ over the past ca. 100 years?
- How do carbon isotope values in tree rings differ between these groups?
- Are there different developments regarding climatic sensitivity and plant function?
- When did tree decline start and why?
- Can combination of tree-ring growth and carbon isotope derived water-use efficiency help answer to these questions?
- What is 10-year effect of irrigation on tree-ring growth and tree-ring carbon isotope response pattern?

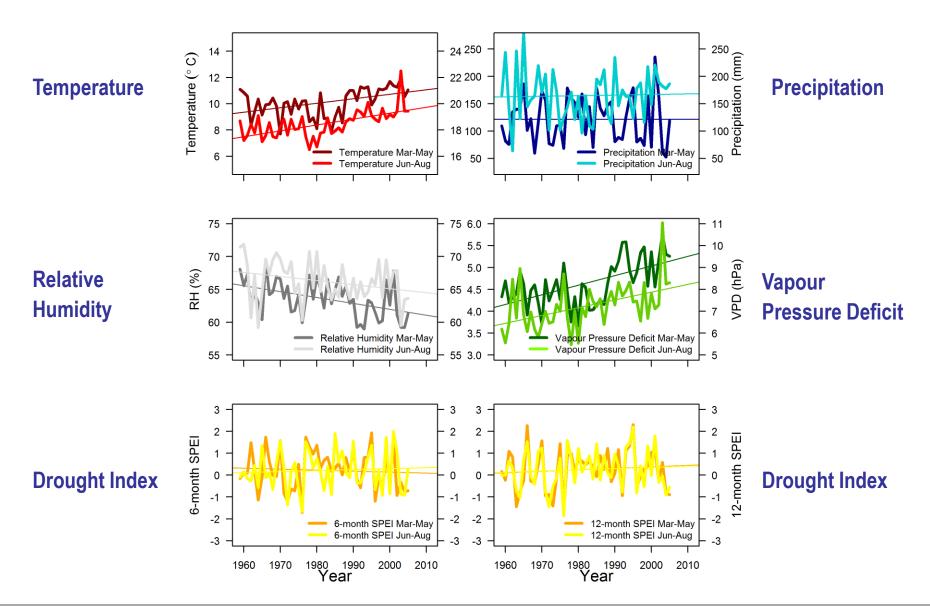


Data and Methods



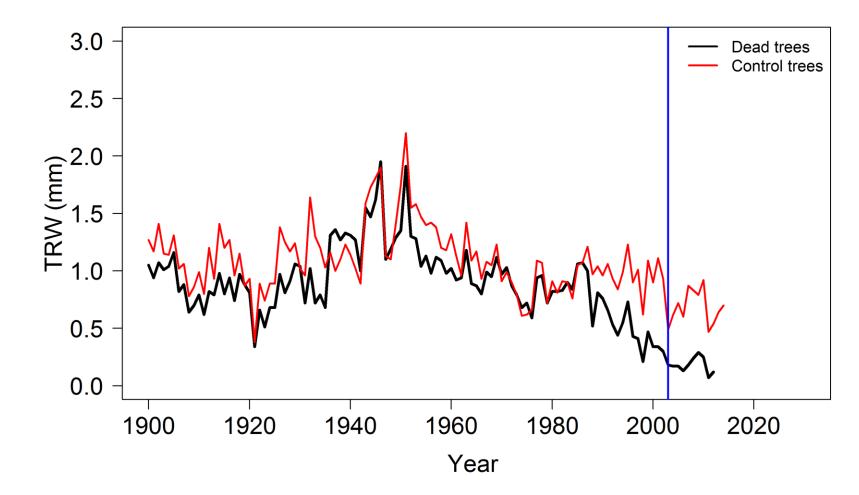


Climate data trends for Sion station (1959-2005)





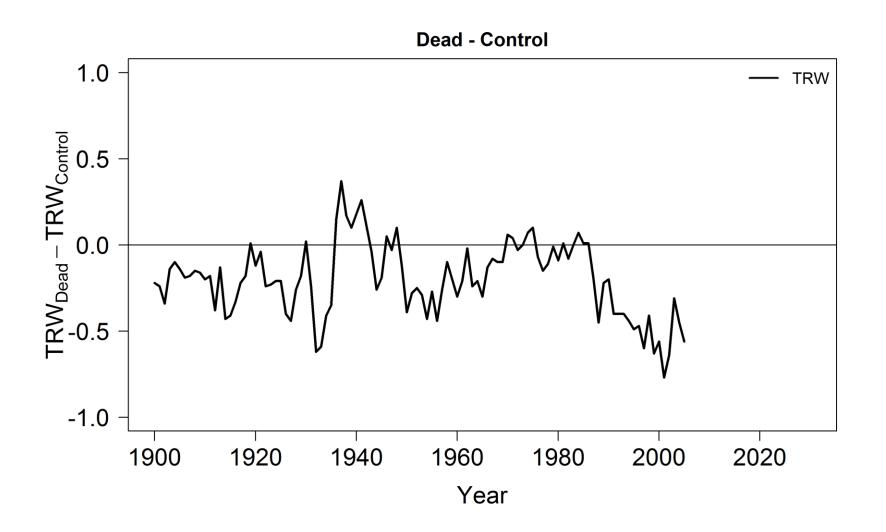
Dead trees started to decline already in mid 80s



Raw Tree-Ring Width (TRW) Data from Pfynwald: 1900-2014



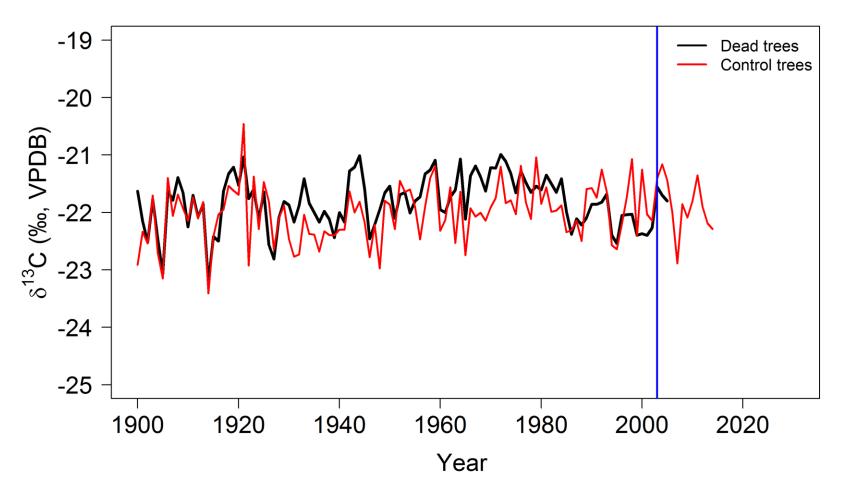
TRW in dead trees was most of the time lower



1900-1979: mean = - 0.16 mm.; SE = 0.02 mm



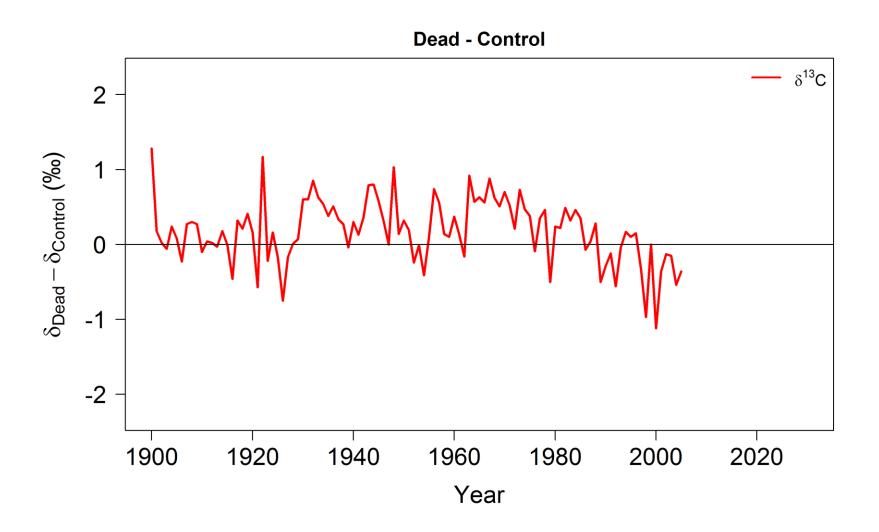
Carbon isotope values in dead and control trees



δ¹³C Data from Pfynwald (mean of 5 trees per group): 1900-2014



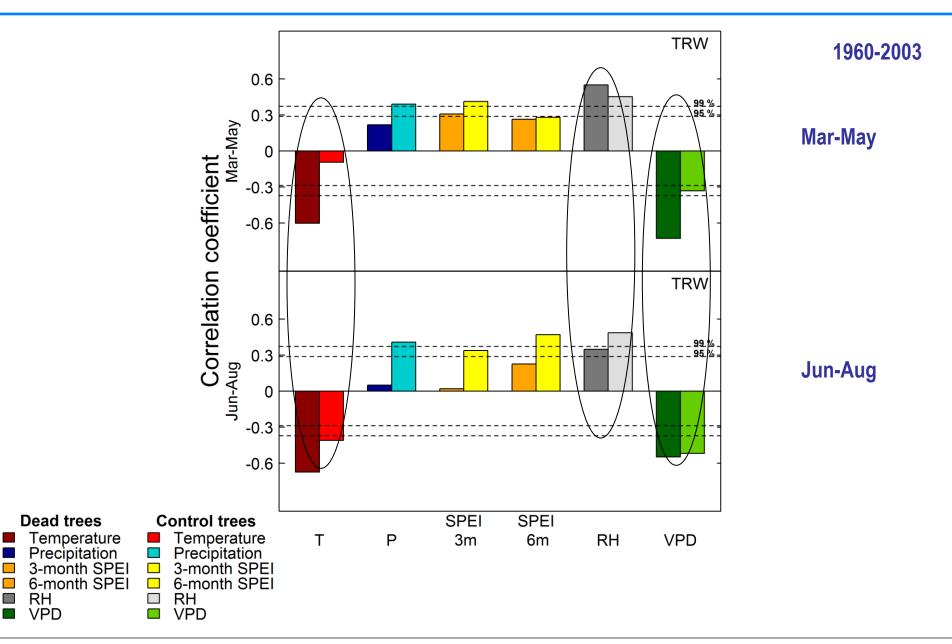
Slightly higher WUE for dead trees before mid 80s



1900-1979: mean = 0.27 %; SE = 0.04 %

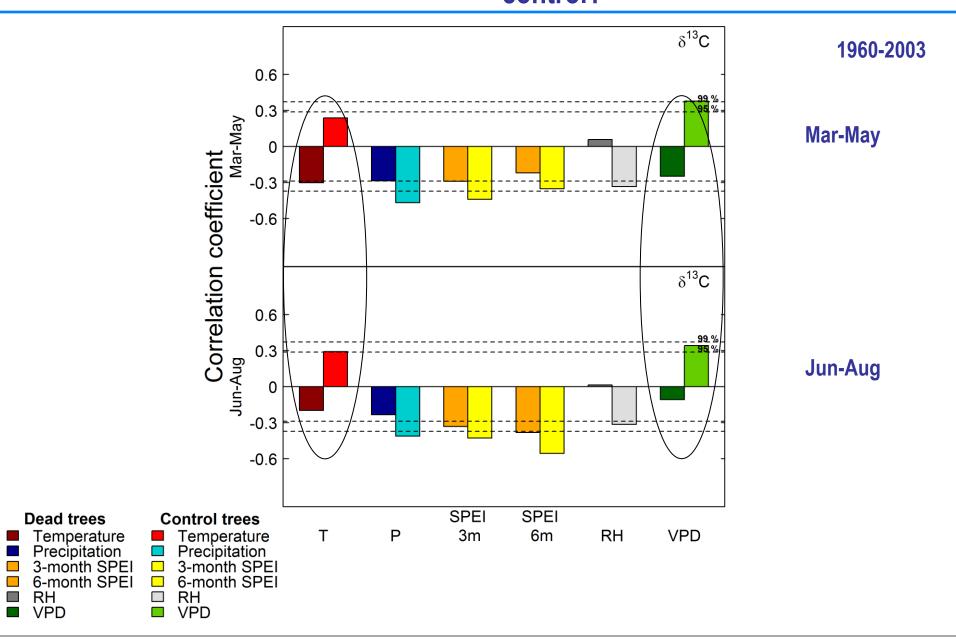


Strong tree-ring growth response for dead trees





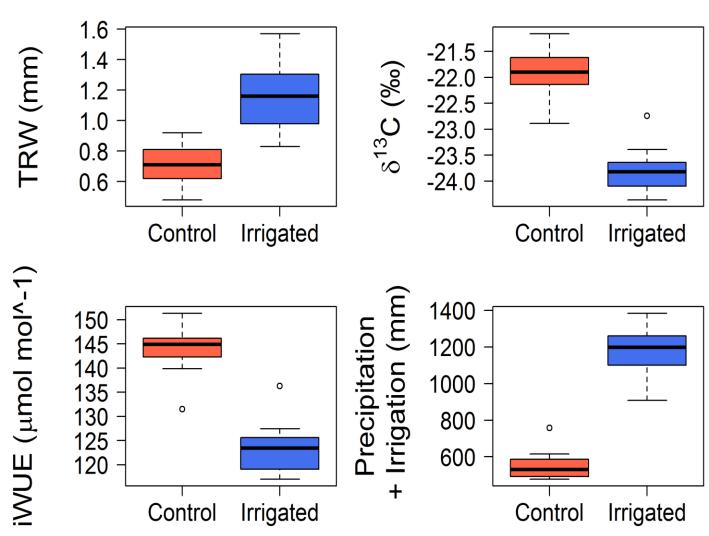
Unexpected δ^{13} C response of dead trees – loss of gas-exchange control?





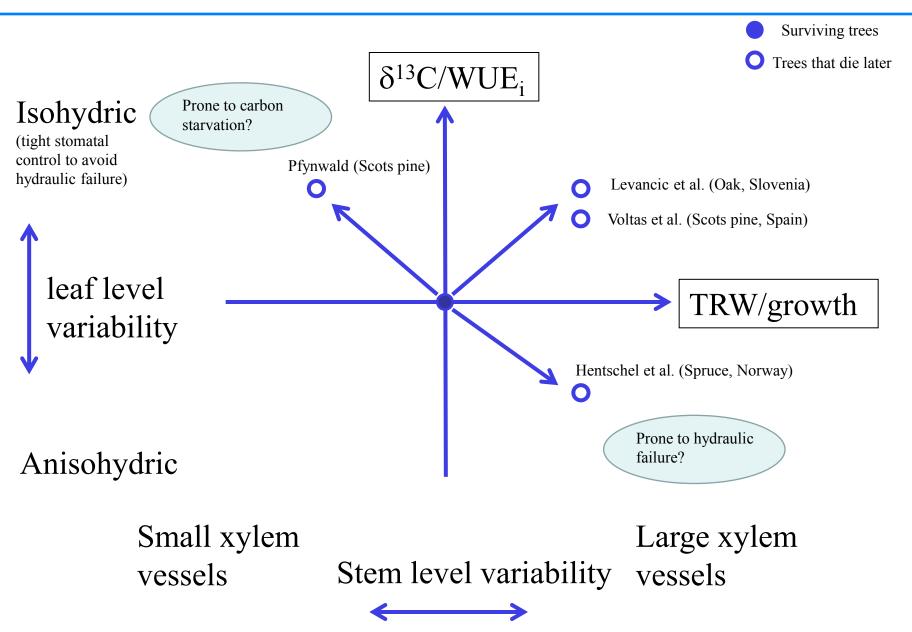
Effect of irrigation on main parameters for the period 2004-2014







Conceptual framework (for the early life phase of trees)





First conclusions

- Tree-growth was initially lower and WUE higher for dead trees in the early life phase than for living indicating a very conservative water use strategy
- Distinct deviation in tree-ring growth between two groups occurred in the mid-80s when also temperature and VPD started to increase
- Different response in $\delta^{13}C$ to temperature and VPD than normally expected for dead trees and lower WUE in the late life phase might indicate loss of gasexchange control
- Decline and possibly eventual mortality was a long-term process for dead trees most likely due to continuous weakening

Irrigation strongly improves tree-ring growth and plant function

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Thank you for your attention! SI, 16. November 2015